#### MEMORANDUM

October 15, 1975

To: Clar Pratt

From: Grover Scott Jeane II

Subject: Klickitat STP Survey

July 8, 1975, I completed an efficiency study of the Klickitat STP. The study consisted of a 24 hour composite of the chlorinated effluent and an 8 hour composite of the influent and secondary effluent. The plant is owned by St. Regis and operated by their personnel. A recent addition to the plant is the chlorine contact chamber and 22½ V-notch weir. Future improvements are being considered for the laboratory. The more complicated analyses are sent to a private laboratory in Portland.

A review of the sampling locations used by the operator revealed that the influent and effluent samples were being collected at incorrect locations. The influent sample was collected upstream from the comminutor which would bias the solids and organic loading to below actual. The effluent sample was being collected from the chlorine contact chamber and would bias the BOD and suspended solids to lower values than would be expected. Verification of the recording flow meter against actual head height measurement revealed a +25% discrepancy. Plant loading values presented below were computed based on 24 hour totalizer readings corrected by the above factor (The operator is presently evaluating the meter).

	Effluent			Permit Limitations		
	ppm		lbs/day	Weekly Average		
BOD	26	4944	10.1	30 mg/1		
T.S.S.	34	_	13.2	70 mg/1		
NO.	3.4	•••	1.32	garine garan		
no <sub>3</sub> T-Po <sub>4</sub>	10.0	-	3.88	en en		

The plant was surveyed during hot dry weather. Very high turbidity of the receiving water (Klickitat River) was due to glacier runoff. The normal parameters were measured (see attached Efficiency Study Form) and the median values of the effluent are as follows: temperature 21.5°; pH 6.8; Conductivity 310 µmhos/cm²; settleable solids, trace. The percent reduction for BOD was 82%, while T.S.S. was 84%.

The plant is underloaded and the operator is presently adjusting the aeration and clarifier holding times to prevent flocculation of solids. Klickitat STP Survey

Analysis of receiving water samples collected above and below the plant indicate an increase in nutrients and bacteria only. Only total coliform bacteria showed an increase (800 to 1400 col/100 ml). The increase was not significant but nitrate (NO<sub>3</sub>-N), NH<sub>3</sub>-N, and total Kjeldahl-N doubled in concentration while 0-PO<sub>4</sub>-P and T-PO<sub>4</sub>-P demonstrated lesser increases. The level of all nutrient parameters except 0-PO<sub>4</sub>-P were below algae bloom potential.

The operator has just notified me (10-16-75) that he has changed his sampling locations to conform with Department of Ecology sampling locations. The operator also completed a very thorough evaluation of the flow meter and determined that the meter is reading 32% above actual flow. He is presently in the process of recalibrating the meter.

The pounds per day loading discharged by the plant will be reduced due to the 32% positive error in flow measurement while the change to the new sampling locations will cause an increase in BOD and T.S.S. values. The overall effect should be a reduced loading.

GSJ:ee Attachment

## STP Survey Report Form

# Efficiency Study

City Klickitat I	Plant Type Extende	ed Pol	o. Served_	600 D	esign 10	0,000 gpd
Receiving Water	lickitat River	Perenn:	ial	Intermittent	apacity	
Date July 8 Surv	vey Period 24 1	nours	_ Survey Po	ersonnel <u>G</u>	S. Jeane	II
Comp. Sampling Free	quency every 30 m	<u>ln.</u> Samp.	ling Alequ	ot 300 ml		
Weather Conditions	(24 hr) <u>clear, l</u>	not Are	facilities	provided fo	r comple	te by-
pass of raw sewage:	?Yes	_No/Frequ	uency of by	ypass		
Reason for bypass_		Is by	ypass chlo	rinated? X	_Yes	No
Was DOE Notified?						
		Operation		assupprise un consequent consequent activati		эмиция Консосун СИТОница уунсонно
Total flow 46,470	O gal/day	How mea	asured Tota	lizer verified	by field r	neasurement
Maximum flow 0.						
Minimum flow						
Pre Cl <sub>2</sub>						
2		:			Virginia de la Companya de la Compa	Handrick Commission of the State Control of the Sta
	Field	Results				
	Influ	uent		Eff	luent	
Determinations	Max. Min.	Mean	Median	Max. Min.	Mean	Median
Temp °C pH (Units) Conductivity (µmhos/cm²) Settleable Solids (mls/1)	20.5     19.5       7.8     7.4       590     300       13.5     6	9.83	19.7 7.6 440 10.0	22 20 6.8 6.7 325 300 Tr	Tr	21.5 6.8 310 Tr
	Laboratory Res	sults on (	Composites			
	Influent	Effl	uent	% Reduct	ion 1	bs/day
Laboratory No.	75 -2830	283	1			
5-Day BOD ppm COD ppm T.S. ppm T.N.V.S. ppm T.S.S. ppm N.V.S.S. ppm pH (Units) Conductivity	147 300 390 198 216 10 7.8	25 17 3	2 4 6 7.1	82%	patricinantia ,	13.2
(µmhos/cm²) Turbidity(JTU's)	<u>290</u> <u>93</u>		<u>0.</u>			

#### Laboratory Bacteriological Results

Lab No.	Sampling Time	Co Total	lonies/100 ml (MF) Fecal Fecal		Cl <sub>2</sub> Residual	
		Coliform	Coliform	Strep	15 sec.	3 min.
2833	1000	60	<10		0.3	0.4
2834	1200	< 20	<10		0.2	0,5
2835	1430	60	<10		0.3	0.7.
				,		
					•	
	,					

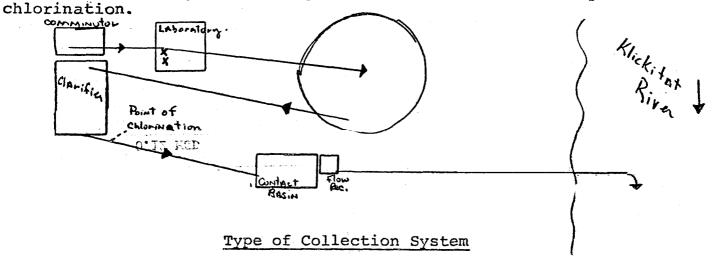
### Additional Laboratory Results

	1bs. per day
$NO_3-N$ ppm - 3.40	1bs. per day
NO <sub>2</sub> -N ppm - N.D.	
NH3-N ppm38	0.15
T. Kjeldahl-N ppm - 2.8	1.09
O-PO4-P ppm - 9.8	3.80
T-PO <sub>4</sub> -P ppm - 10.0	3.88

Phone No. 509-369-4501

Furnish a flow diagram with sequence and relative size and points of

Operator's Name Mike Mahoney



Combined	<u>x</u> Separate	Both	Estimate flow contrib face or ground water	
			Unknown	MGD

during the survey. Therefore the lbs/day loading would be slightly decreased.

COMMENTS: The operator has determined a 7% gr	reater error in flow than the 25% measured
Wet	Wet
Dry	Dry
Annual average daily flow rate(mgd)	Peak flow rate(mgd)
Plant Loading Ir	nformation